

Practice Questions 1.

Q.1. For a function $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ to be a norm, what axioms must it satisfy? List them.

Q.2. Prove that $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} \mapsto \left(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2 \right)^{1/2}$$

is a norm.

Q.3. Prove that $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} \mapsto \left(|x_1|^p + |x_2|^p + \dots + |x_n|^p \right)^{1/p}$$

is a norm for $p = 1$. Is it a norm for $p = 0$? Show that as $p \rightarrow \infty$, $(|x_1|^p + |x_2|^p + \dots + |x_n|^p)^{1/p} \rightarrow \max\{|x_1|, |x_2|, \dots, |x_n|\}$



Q.4. Draw a set of ~~pts~~ ^{vectors} $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$ s.t

- a) $\|x\|_2 = 1$
- b) $\|x\|_1 = 1$
- c) $\|x\|_\infty = 1$

Q.5. Let $B = A^T A$ ($A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$), show that B is a positive semidefinite matrix

Q.6. Show the Cauchy-Schwarz Inequality using triangle inequality for two norm.

Matrix norms:

Q.1 Show that $\|Ax\| \leq \|A\| \|x\|$ for any norm.

Q.2 Explain what is "induced" about an induced matrix norm?

Q.3 In an expression $\|Ax\|_\alpha \leq \|A\|_\beta \|x\|_\gamma$
What is the difference between $\|\cdot\|_\alpha$, $\|\cdot\|_\beta$
and $\|\cdot\|_\gamma$?

Q.4 Calculate Frobenius norm of

$$\begin{bmatrix} 100 & 1 & -1 \\ -100 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \text{ Also calculate its } 1\text{-norm and } \infty\text{-norm.}$$

Q.5 Show that $\|A\|_\infty = \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|$

$$\text{and } \|A\|_1 = \max_{1 \leq j \leq n} \sum_{i=1}^n |a_{ij}|$$

Q.6 Let $v, w \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $A = vw^T$.

$$\text{Show that } \|A\|_2 = \|v\|_2 \|w\|_2$$

Q.7 Show for $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$.

$$\|x\|_\infty \leq \|x\|_2 \leq \|x\|_1 \leq \sqrt{n} \|x\|_2 \leq n \|x\|_\infty$$

Q. 8 use Q. 7 to show.

$$\|A\|_1 \leq \sqrt{n} \|A\|_2 \leq n \|A\|_1$$

$$\text{and } \|A\|_\infty \leq \sqrt{n} \|A\|_2 \leq n \|A\|_\infty$$

Q. 9 Calculate 2-norm of

$$(i) A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 100 \end{bmatrix} \quad (ii) A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iii) A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (iv) A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 100 \\ 100 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Also give $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$ s.t. $\|Ax\|_2 = \|A\|_2 \|x\|_2$.

Q. 10 Calculate 1-norm and ∞ -norm of matrices in Q. 9. Give $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$ s.t. $\|A\|_1 = \frac{\|Ax\|_1}{\|x\|_1}$

Q. 11 Show that for $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, $\|A\|_2 \leq \|A\|_F$

Q. 12 ~~Calculate~~ Calculate condition number of matrices in Q. 9. w.r.t. 1-norm, 2-norm, ∞ -norm. i.e., calculate $k_1(A)$, $k_2(A)$, $k_\infty(A)$.

Q. 13 Give an example of 4×4 matrix whose condition number w.r.t. 1-norm is greater than 1000.

Q. 14 Show that $k_p(A) \geq \max_{1 \leq i, j \leq n} \frac{\|a_i\|_p}{\|a_j\|_p}$ where $a_i, a_j \in \mathbb{R}^n$ are columns of matrix A .

Q.15 Show that $\kappa_{\infty}(A) = \kappa_1(A^T)$

and $\kappa_2(A) = \kappa_2(A^T)$

Q.16 Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & +1 \\ -100 & 99 \end{bmatrix}$

Consider two systems of linear equations.

$$Ax = b, \quad A(x + \delta x) = b + \delta b$$

(i) Create an example by giving $x, \delta x, b, \delta b$

s.t. $\frac{\|\delta x\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}}$ is small

but $\frac{\|\delta b\|_{\infty}}{\|b\|_{\infty}}$ is large

(ii) $\frac{\|\delta x\|_{\infty}}{\|x\|_{\infty}}$ is large and $\frac{\|\delta b\|_{\infty}}{\|b\|_{\infty}}$ is small.

Q.17 Given $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$, let $\text{Rank}(A) = n$
(with $m \geq n$)

let $B = A^T A$. Show that B is positive definite

let $B = A A^T$. Show that B is positive semi-definite