

**DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING**



**MAJOR :CEL836 STRUCTURAL HEALTH MONITORING**  
**(2011-12)**

**Time allowed:** 2 hours  
**Venue** : SAL (V 216)

**Date** : 29 April 2012  
**Max marks** : 30

**NOTE:** (a) This question paper contains one page only. (b) All questions are compulsory. (c) **Assume any data which you deem is necessary but not supplied.** (d) Draw neat and clear sketches wherever required.

**Question 1.**

Describe the basic principle working of accelerometer and vibrating wire strain gauge

(2.5+ 2.5 = 5 marks)

**Question 2.**

Differentiate between stiffness and flexibility approaches related to global vibration techniques for structural health monitoring?

(5 marks)

**Question 3.**

How is the electro-mechanical impedance technique similar to global vibrations techniques. Further, in what respects do you think it is similar to local NDE techniques

(2.5+ 2.5 = 5 marks)

**Question 4.**

A structure consists of a series combination of a damper of damping constant  $c$ , as spring of stiffness  $k$  and a mass of value  $m$ . Derive an expression for the mechanical impedance of the system.

(7 marks)

**Question 5.**

What are the main disadvantages of statistical damage quantifiers for EMI technique? What is the advantage of employing the identified equivalent stiffness for damage quantification?

(2.5+ 2.5 = 5 marks)

**Question 6.**

What advantage is served by the integration of global vibration techniques with the EMI technique?

(3 marks)