

ELL333 / MULTIVARIABLE CONTROL

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$$x = [p \ r \ \beta \ \phi]^T = \begin{bmatrix} p \\ r \\ \beta \\ \phi \end{bmatrix}, \quad y = Cx$$

a) only p is measured $\Rightarrow C = [1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]$

b) only β is measured $\Rightarrow C = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0]$

c) both p & β measured $\Rightarrow C = ?$

$$C = [1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0] \Rightarrow y = Cx = p + \beta$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow y = \begin{bmatrix} p \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

(PBH Test)

$$\text{rank} [B \ AB \ \dots \ A^{n-1}B] = n \quad \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\text{rank} [\lambda I - A \ B] = n \quad \forall \lambda \in \mathbb{C}$$

(\Rightarrow) Suppose $\text{rank} [\lambda I - A \ B] < n$

$$\Rightarrow \exists x \text{ such that } x^T [\lambda I - A \ B] = 0$$

$(\neq 0)$

$$\Rightarrow x^T (\lambda I - A) = 0 \ \& \ x^T B = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda x^T = x^T A \ \& \ x^T B = 0$$

$$x^T [B \ AB \ \dots \ A^{n-1}B] = [x^T B \ x^T AB \ \dots \ x^T A^{n-1}B]$$

$$= [0 \quad \lambda x^T B \quad \lambda^2 x^T B \quad \dots \quad \lambda^{n-1} x^T B]$$

$$= 0$$

$\Rightarrow \text{rank} [B \quad AB \quad \dots \quad A^{n-1}B] < n$, a contradiction