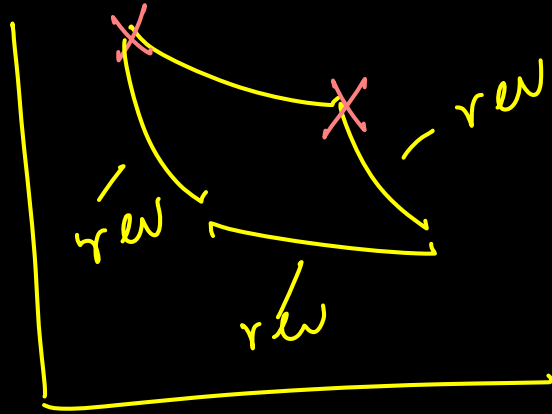


Irreversible Carrot



$$(-W_{rev}) > (-W_{irr})$$

$$\Delta U = (q + w)_{rev} = (q + w_{irr})$$

$$\mathcal{E} = 1 + \frac{q_{r2}}{q_{i1}} < 1 + \frac{q_{r2}}{q_{i1}}$$

$$q_{irr} < q_{rev}$$

$$q_{rev} + w_{rev} = q_{irr} + w_{irr}$$

$$q_{rev} - w_{irr} = q_{irr} - w_{rev}$$

$$\frac{dq_{rev}}{T} > \frac{dq_{irr}}{T}$$

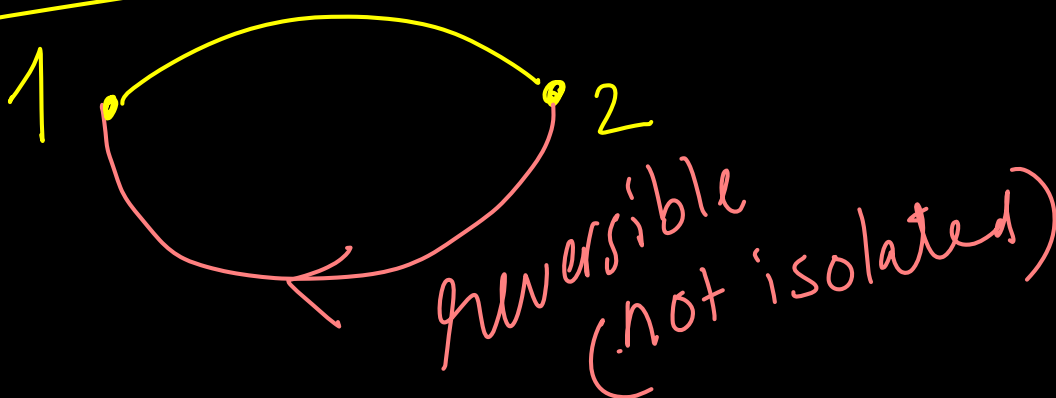
$$\frac{dq_{irr}}{T} < \frac{dq_{rev}}{T}$$

$$\oint \frac{dq_{irr}}{T} < 0$$

$$\left[\oint \frac{dq}{T} \leq 0 \right]$$

Isolated

irreversible



Clausius Inequality

$$q_{irr} = 0$$

$$\oint \frac{dq}{T} \leq 0$$

$$\int_1^2 \frac{dq_{irr}}{T} + \int_2^1 \frac{dq_{rev}}{T} \leq 0$$

$$\int_1^2 ds \leq 0$$

$$\Delta S (2 \rightarrow 1) \leq 0$$

$$\Delta S \geq 0$$

ISOLATED

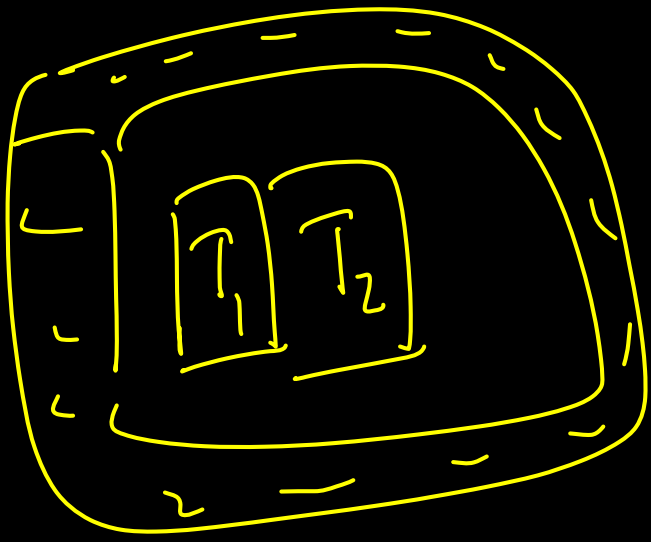
$\Delta S > 0$ spontaneous, irreversible

$\Delta S = 0$ reversible, equilibrium

$\Delta S < 0$ impossible

2nd Law

Entropy of the universe increases.

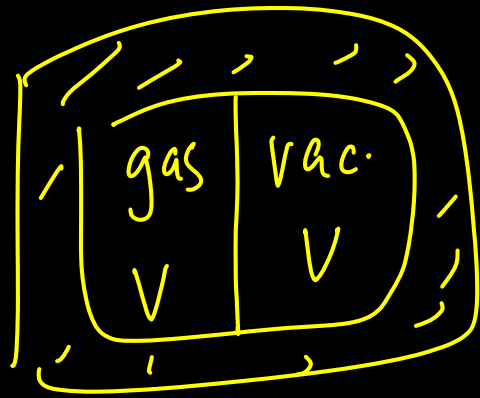


$$dS = dq_1 \left(\frac{T_2 - T_1}{T_1 T_2} \right)$$

$$dS = dS_1 + dS_2$$

$$\frac{dq_1}{T_1} + \frac{dq_2}{T_2} = dq_1 \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$$

Joule expansion



— Ideal gas
gas (V, T, P) $\xrightarrow[\text{irr.}]{\text{ad.}}$ gas $(2V, T, P)$

$$\Delta U = 0, \quad w = 0, \quad q = 0$$



isothermal compression, rev.

$$\int \frac{dq_{\text{rev}}}{T} = \int_{2V}^V \frac{-dw_{\text{rev}}}{T} = \int_{2V}^V \frac{+pdV}{T} = nR \int_{2V}^V \frac{dV}{V} = -nR \ln 2$$

$$\Delta S = nR \ln 2$$

$R \ln 2$ for the spontaneous process

Boltzmann

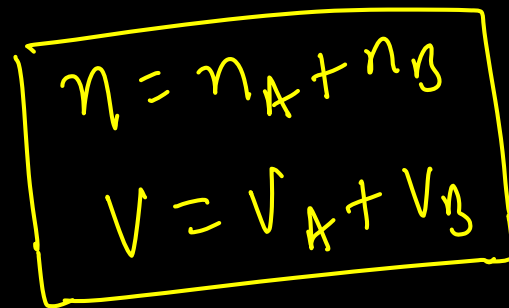
$$S = k \ln W \leftarrow \text{No. of microstates}$$

\uparrow $1.381 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J K}^{-1}$

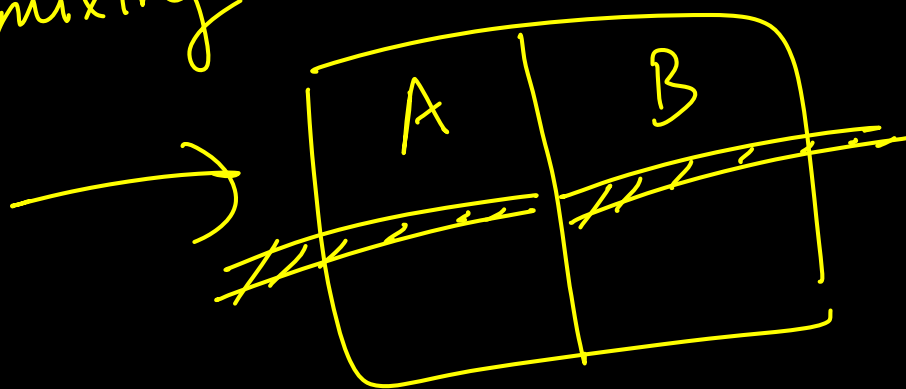
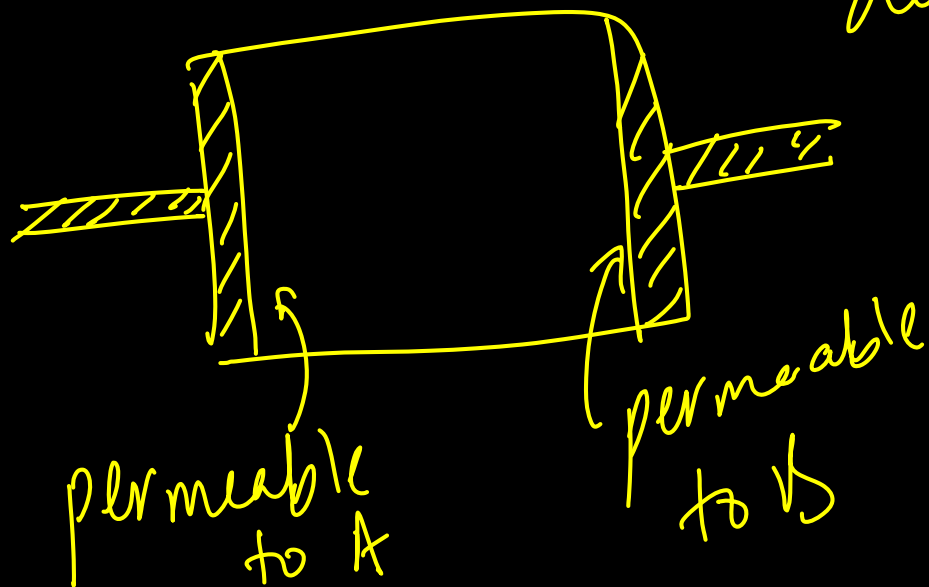
$$R = k N_A$$

$$k \ln c^{N_A} = N_A k \ln c$$
$$= R \ln c$$

Mixing



Ideal gases



1-h. $\Delta U = 0$

$$q_{rev} = -w_{rev}$$

$$dw = -P_A dV_A - P_B dV_B$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{demix}} = \int \frac{dq_{\text{rev}}}{T} = \int_V^{V_A} \frac{P_A}{T} dV_A + \int_V^{V_B} \frac{P_B}{T} dV_B \quad \dots$$

$$= n_A R \ln \frac{V_A}{V} + n_B R \ln \frac{V_B}{V}$$

mole fraction $X_A = \frac{n_A}{n}$ $X_B = \frac{n_B}{n}$

$$\Delta S_{\text{demix}} = nR \left[X_A \ln X_A + X_B \ln X_B \right]$$

$$\Delta S_{\text{mix}} = -nR \left[X_A \ln X_A + X_B \ln X_B \right]$$